



Lone Star Governance

Continuous Improvement for Governing Teams

Participant Manual

Participant Name: _		
·		
Workshop Date:		

Acknowledgements

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[&]quot;A general diffusion of knowledge being essential to the preservation of the liberties and rights of the people . . ." —The Texas Constitution on the need for an "efficient system of public free schools"



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Legal Notice

Section 551.001(4)(B) of the Government Code

The Open Meetings Act, excludes from the definition of a meeting, "the attendance by a quorum of a governmental body at a regional, state, or national convention or workshop . . ., if formal action is not taken and any discussion of public business is incidental [to the workshop.]"

The following information is intended as guidance only. Districts and charters are responsible for ensuring that any gathering of a quorum of its board meets the requirements of Texas Government Code, Chapter 551, Open Meetings.



Regional Workshops This section permits members of a governmental body to participate in regional workshops held outside the governmental body's jurisdiction if the members do not take final action or deliberate regarding public business. Therefore, although board members are encouraged to ask questions during this workshop, the questions must be limited to clarification of the content of the workshop, not an attempt to obtain guidance or legal advice regarding circumstances specific to pending or future board matters. Regional workshops may consist of a quorum of only one board.

Further, board members are cautioned not to discuss over meals or on the ride home anything that could be construed as deliberation of a current or future board action item. Attendance at this workshop does not relieve board members of their responsibility to ensure compliance with the Open Meetings Act.



Local Workshops Workshops conducted for a single school board involving a quorum of the members must be posted as a board meeting under the Opens Meeting Act according to Texas Government Code, §551.041, be posted expressly for the delivery of board member continuing education according to 19 Texas Administrative Code §61.1(e), be open to the public according to Texas Government Code, §551.002, and take place within the boundaries of the district according to the Texas Education Code, §26.007.

For additional guidance regarding the Open Meetings Act, please consult the 2022 Open Meetings Handbook published by the Office of the Attorney General and contact your board's legal counsel.



Workshop Details

Lone Star Governance Purpose

The purpose of Lone Star Governance is to provide a continuous-improvement model for governing teams—boards in collaboration with their superintendents—that choose to focus intensively on one primary objective:

Improving Student Outcomes

Lone Star Governance accomplishes this intense focus through tailored coaching aligned to the five pillars of the Texas Framework for School Board Development:











In addition to its singular focus on improving student outcomes, Lone Star Governance provides a systems for governing the secondary, but vital, legal and fiscal responsibilities of the board.

Workshop Intention

The intention of the Lone Star Governance two-day workshop is to create a supportive space in which governing teams can learn about and can prepare for the intense focus on improving student outcomes as described by the Lone Star Governance implementation integrity instrument.

As a result of actively participating in the workshop, trustees and superintendents will possess the following knowledge, skills, and mindset:

Believe that student outcomes do no change until adult behavior changes

Internalize I is genesis of c'ange

Individua!: - integrity as access 1) goals

Recogniz resence and and orns

Distinguish between inputs, outputs, and outcomes

Understanc an concepts of student cutc me goals and constraints

Distinguish between program or project evaluation and performance evaluation

Develop Sone Star Governance mr ementation timeline

Hold the same intendent accountable for improving student outcomes

> on or stude to tcc nes



Lone Star Governance Focus: Behavior Change

The focus of Lone Star Governance is to align the behavior of trustees individually and boards corporately with proven, research-based behaviors that improve student outcomes.

What Impacts Adult Behavior Change

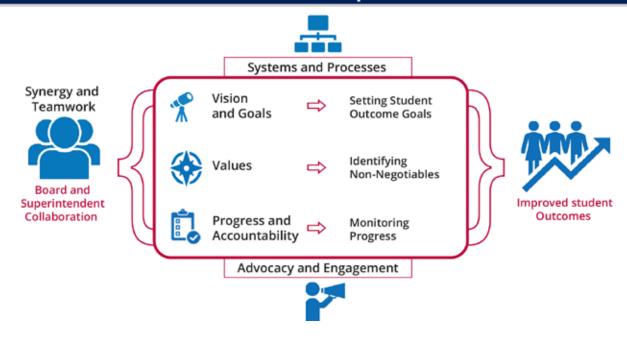






Mindset

School Board Behaviors That Improve Student Outcomes



Lone Star Governance Details

Workshop Details

The Lone Star Governance two-day workshop creates a supportive space where governing teams can learn about and can prepare for the commitment to intensely focus on improving student outcomes. The facilitator engages participants in a conversation about researched school board behaviors that improve student outcomes. The workshop draws from the participants' respective experiences and their school's performance. The underlying belief is that leadership matters and that leaders' choices have the power to be transformative in the lives of our students

Continual Coaching and Support

Lone Star Governance Coaches are committed to provide continual coaching and support to school boards as they work to implement the behaviors that have been shown to increase student outcomes. The ongoing engagement between a school board and coach makes the difference in successful implementation to improve student outcomes.

Training Hours and Certificates

The workshop earns school boards and individual board members continuing education training credit. School boards that attend the LSG Workshop as an entire team with their superintendents will earn a school board Lone Star Governance certificate and may be eligible for the following:

Trustees	Board that Attends as a Team of Eight
Evaluating and Improving Student Outcomes (3 hours)	LSG Certificate
Framework Hours (10 hours)	Team of Eight (3 hours)
	State Board of Education Team Commendation

Tools and Templates

In order to support school boards, LSG tools and templates, as well as actual examples from various schools across Texas are available by clicking <u>HERE</u>. The templates are designed to be customized to meet your local vision and values.

Leaderboard

The LSG Leaderboard celebrates those that have made the choice to continually improve their behaviors in order to improve student outcomes using the LSG Integrity Instrument to self-evaluate progress. A LSG Coach verified Quarterly Tracker score of 60 or above earns a spot on the LSG Leaderboard that can be viewed HERE.



Workshop Agenda

The workshop is a conversation about governance behaviors that improve student outcomes and it draws from governance-related research as well as promising practices from the participants' respective experiences. The underlying belief is that leadership matters; that leaders' choices have the power to be transformative in the lives of our students. The workshop is about governance behaviors that exemplify this belief.

Day One			9:00 a.m6:00 p.m. [‡]
:	**	Vision and Goals	
	=	Lunch (on your own)	
	**	Vision and Goals (continued)	
Day Two	Ė	Progress and Accountability	9:00 a.m6:00 p.m. [‡]
	#	Systems and Processes	
	₫	Lunch (on your own)	
	N.	Advocacy and Engagement	
	2	Synergy and Teamwork	

[‡] Scheduling a workshop to occur from 9:00–6:00 is an example. Coaches may alter those hours to accommodate trustees and superintendents in attendance. Each day must include eight hours of instructional time.



Day One Notes	



Day One Notes Continued	d	



Day One Notes Continued



Day One Notes Continued	d	



Day Two Notes	



Day Two Notes Continue	d	



Day Two Notes Continued



Day Two Notes Continue	d	

Workshop Materials

- Implementation Integrity Instrument
- **Quarterly Progress Tracker**
- Time Use Tracker
- **Partner Activity: Student Outcome Goals**
- **Partner Activity: Board Self-Constraint**
- **Your Ideal Agenda**
- **Letter to Self**
- **Sample Monitoring Calendar**
- Sample Monitoring Report
- **Letters of Commitment**







Implementation Integrity Instrument

The intention of Lone Star Governance is to provide a continuous improvement model for governing teams—boards in collaboration with their superintendents—that choose to intensively focus on one primary objective: improving student outcomes. Lone Star Governance accomplishes this intense focus through tailored execution of the five pillars of the Texas Framework for School Board Development, as adopted by the State Board of Education: Vision and Goals, Progress and Accountability, Systems and Processes, Synergy and Teamwork, and Advocacy and Engagement. In addition to its singular focus on improving student outcomes, Lone Star Governance provides a system for governing the secondary, but vital, legal and fiscal responsibilities of the board.

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Implementation Integrity Instrument Notes



Implementation Integrity Instrument Notes		

TEXAS FRAMEW	ORK: VISION A	AND	GOALS					
Vision and Goals 1	: The board has	ado	pted student o	utco	ome goals			
Does Not Meet Focus	Preparing To Focus	1	Approaches Focus	4	Meets Focus	12	Masters Focus	15
The board does not meet focus if any of the following are true:	The board is preparing to if the following is true.	o focus	The board approaches for if all prior conditions and following are true.		The board meets focus if all prior conditions and t following are true.		The board masters focus all prior conditions and following are true.	
 □ The board does not have a vision. □ The board does not have goals. □ The board does not consistently distinguish between inputs, outputs, and outcomes. 	The board has □ adopted a vision statement; □ owned the vision development proc while working collaboratively with superintendent; □ adopted three to f goals; and □ owned the goal development proc while working collaboratively with superintendent.	h the ive ess	All goals are specific, quantifiable, student outcome goals that include a population; a five-year deadling a month and year; a baseline of a monand a year; annual targets; and annual student grangets.	e of onth	□ All board members the superintenden agree that the stude outcome goals 1. will challenge the organization; 2. require adult behavior change 3. are influenceab the superintend and 4. are the superintendent's priority for resonallocation. □ The board relied or root-cause analysis comprehensive stuneeds assessment or a similar research based tool to infor the identification a prioritization of all student outcome goals.	t t dent e e; le by ent; s first urce n a s, udent , ch- m	All board members at the superintendent have committed the vision and student outcome goals to memory; know the current status of each student outcome goal; and agree there is broad community owner of the board's vision and student outcome goals through involvement and communication wis students, staff, and community members.	dent dad add ship on ome



TEXAS FRAMEWORK: VISION AND GOALS

Vision and Goals 2: The board has adopted goal progress measures (GPMs) aligned to each student outcome goal

Student outcome §	Suai							
Does Not Meet Focus	Preparing To Focus	1	Approaches Focus	4	Meets Focus	12	Masters Focus	15
The board does not meet focus if any of the following are true:	The board is preparing to if the following is true.	focus	The board approaches for if all prior conditions and following are true.		The board meets focus if all prior conditions and t following are true.		The board masters focus all prior conditions and to following are true.	
 □ The board does not have goal progress measures (GPMs). □ The board is treating the annual targets for student outcome goals as if they are GPMs. 	□ The board has adol GPMs for each stude outcome goal. □ The superintenden owned the GPM development proces while working collaboratively with board. □ The status of each adopted GPM is above to be updated multitimes during each school year.	dent t ess the	□ The board has add no more than thre GPMs for each stu outcome goal. □ All GPMs are stude outputs, not adult inputs or outputs, include 1. a population; 2. a five-year dead of a month and 3. a baseline of a month and a ye 4. annual targets; 5. annual student group targets.	ent that line year; ar;	All board members at the superintendent at that the GPMs: will challenge the organization; require adult behat change; are influenceable the superintendent and are all predictive of their respective stroutcome goals.	gree avior by at;	All board members at the superintendent at there is broad commownership of the GPI through involvement and communication with students, staff, a community members	gree unity Ms



TEXAS FRAMEW	ORK: VISION AND	GOALS			
Vision and Goals 3	: The board has add	opted constraint	:S		
Does Not Meet Focus	Preparing To Focus	Approaches Focus	3	Meets Focus	Masters Focus
The board does not meet focus if any of the following are true:	The board is preparing to focus if the following is true.	The board approaches focu if all prior conditions and t following are true.		The board meets focus if all prior conditions and the following are true.	The board masters focus if all prior conditions and the following are true.
The board does not have constraints.	The board has □ adopted 1 to 5 superintendent constraints; and □ owned the constraint development process while working collaboratively with the superintendent.	Each superintendent constraint describes a single operational action or class of actions the superintendent may nouse or allow.	on	 □ The board has adopted one to five board self-constraints. □ The board, where appropriate, relied on a root-cause analysis, comprehensive student needs assessment, or similar research-based tool to inform the identification of and prioritization of superintendent constraints. □ All board members and the superintendent agree that the constraints will challenge the organization to focus on the vision and uphold community values. 	□ The board, in collaboration with the superintendent, has adopted one or more theories of action to drive overall strategic direction. □ All board members and the superintendent agree there is broad community ownership of the constraints through involvement and communication with students, staff, and community members.



TEXAS FRAMEWORK: VISION AND GOALS

Vision and Goals 4: The board has adopted superintendent constraint progress measures (CPMs)

(CF WIS)								
Does Not Meet Focus	Preparing To Focus	1	Approaches Focus 2		deets ocus	4	Masters Focus	5
The board does not meet focus if any of the following are true:	The board is preparing to foc if the following is true.	cus	The board approaches focus if all prior conditions and the following are true.	all	ne board meets focus if I prior conditions and t Ilowing are true.		The board masters focus all prior conditions and a following are true.	
☐ The board does not have superintendent constraint progress measures (CPMs).	□ The board has adopted CPMs for each superintendent constraint. □ The superintendent owned the CPM development process while working collaboratively with th board. □ The status of each adopted CPM is able to be updated multiple times during each school year.	ıe	 □ The board has adopted no more than three CPMs for each superintendent constraint. □ All CPMs include: a one- to five-year deadline of a month and year; a baseline of a month and a year; and annual targets. 	the the CP	I board members a see superintendent a stat the superintender PMs will challenge the organization to for on the vision; will challenge the organization to up community values, are all predictive of their respective constraint; and are influenceable the superintendent	gree ent cus hold ;	All board members at the superintendent agree there is broad community ownersh the superintendent of through involvement and communication with students, staff, a community members	ip of CPMs

TEXAS FRAMEWORK: Progress and Accountability

Progress and Accountability 1: The board invests at least half of its time to improving student outcomes

Does Not Meet Focus	Preparing To Focus	1	Approaches Focus	4	Meets Focus	12	Masters Focus	15
The board does not meet focus if any of the following are true:	The board is preparing to if the following is true.	focus	The board approaches for if all prior conditions and following are true.		The board meets focus if all prior conditions and a following are true.		The board masters focus all prior conditions and t following are true.	
 □ The board does not have student outcome goals, GPMs, superintendent constraints, superintendent CPMs, or annual targets. □ The board does not track its use of time in board authorized public meetings. □ The board does not have a monitoring calendar. 	□ The superintendent owned the monitor calendar developm working with the botto adopt a calendar monitors 1. each student outcome goal at least four times pyear; 2. no m ore than two student outcome goals per month; 3. each constraint a least once per year; □ The calendar spans length of the stude outcome goals. □ The board tracks its time in public meet identifying each min according to the timuse tracker.	ring nent, pard that per yo e ; at ear. s the nt s ings, nute	10% or more of the to quarterly minutes in board authorized pure meetings were investin improving student outcomes according the time use tracker	blic ted to	25% or more of the t quarterly minutes in board authorized pu meetings were inves in improving student outcomes according the time use tracker	iblic ted to	50% or more of the to quarterly minutes in board authorized pu meetings were inves in improving student outcomes according the time use tracker	iblic ted to



TEXAS FRAMEWORK: Progress and Accountability

Progress and Accountability 2: The board evaluates, but does not interfere with, progress toward improving student outcomes

toward improving								
Does Not Meet Focus	Preparing To Focus	1	Approaches Focus	2	Meets Focus	4	Masters Focus	5
The board does not meet focus if any of the following are true:	The board is preparing to if the following is true.	focus	The board approaches for if all prior conditions and following are true.		The board meets focus ij all prior conditions and following are true.		The board masters focus all prior conditions and t following are true.	
 □ Any individual board member does not know if the school system is in low performing status and for how long. □ Any individual board member does not know if any campus is in low performing status and for how long. □ Any individual board member agrees that their first loyalty is owed to staff or vendors, rather than the vision, community values, and improving student outcomes. □ The board has not voted to approve a selfevaluation within the past 12 months. 	The board has performed a self-evaluation within to previous 12 month using a research aligned instrument. performed a superintendent arevaluation no more than 15 months ag. been provided cop of the superintend implementation plato make progress towards the studer outcome goals; an not voted to approthe superintendent implementation plato unless required by	nnual e o; ies ent's an(s) nt d ve t's an	The board □ performs self- evaluations using the LSG Integrity Instrument; □ performed a self- evaluation no mor than 45 days prior to the most recent superintendent's evaluation; and □ evaluates the superintendent in on the results and progress toward th student outcome and constraints us information within monitoring report according to the monitoring calence	part ne goals sing	□ The board receive least annually, a re on the average corof staff time spent governance using staff use tracker. □ One quarter ago to board 1. Performed a selevaluation using the LSG Integrit Instrument; and 2. voted to approve quarterly progret tracker.	eport st on the he f-gy	The board unanimously appr the current quarte progress tracker; has not modified outcome goals, Greenstraints, CPMs or targets during to cycle applicable to annual superinter evaluation; and considers superintendent perform as indistinguishable from system performance by evaluating the superintendent on only results and progress toward student outcome goals and constrausing information monitoring report according to the monitoring calend	PMs, it is the the nance le le le lints in ts

TEXAS FRAMEWORK: Systems and Processes

Systems and Processes: The board operates in a way that allows the superintendent to accomplish the vision

accomplish the vis				
Does Not Meet Focus	Preparing To Focus	Approaches Focus 4	Meets Focus	Masters Focus
The board does not meet focus if any of the following are true:	The board is preparing to focus if the following is true.	The board approaches focus if all prior conditions and the following are true.	The board meets focus if all prior conditions and the following are true.	The board masters focus if all prior conditions and the following are true.
 □ The board has not received a monitoring report. □ There were six or more board authorized public meetings in a month (unless a state of emergency was declared). □ Any meeting of the board lasted longer than eight hours. □ Board members did not receive the final version of materials to be voted on at least three calendar days in advance of the board authorized public meeting. 	The board receives and votes to accept monitoring reports that include 1. the student outcome goal and GPM or constraint and CPM being monitored; 2. the current status of the student outcome goal and GPM or constraint and CPM compared to previous, annual, and deadline targets; 3. the superintendent's interpretation of performance; and 4. supporting information that describes any needed next steps.	 □ All consent-eligible items were placed on the consent agenda and more than 75% of the items were voted on using a consent agenda. □ The adopted monitoring calendar has not been modified during the past quarter. 	 □ Board authorized public meetings in the last quarter did not exceed 1. an average of four meetings per month; 2. an average of three hours per meeting; and 3. an average of five other topics per meeting. □ The board has 1. reviewed its existing local policies; and 2. only adopted local policies pertaining to board work. 	 □ Board authorized public meetings in the last quarter did not exceed 1. an average of three meetings per month; 2. an average of two hours per meeting; and 3. an average of three other topics per meeting. □ Board members received the final materials to be voted on at least seven calendar days before the public meeting. □ No edits to the board's regularly scheduled meeting agenda in the three days prior to, or during, the meeting (unless a state of emergency was declared).



Advocacy and Enga	agement: The b	oard	d promotes the	visi	on			
Does Not Meet Focus	Preparing To Focus	1	Approaches Focus	3	Meets Focus	9	Masters Focus	10
The board does not meet focus if any of the following are true:	The board is preparing to if the following is true.	focus	The board approaches for if all prior conditions and following are true.		The board meets focus if all prior conditions and t following are true.		The board masters focus all prior conditions and a following are true.	
 □ The board has not publicly communicated the board adopted student outcome goals. □ The board has not arranged for any community engagement activities during the previous 12-month period beyond public comments during board authorized public meetings and/or required hearings. 	The board has a two-communication system in place where the board members at least one per year listen for and discusting the vision and valuatheir students; and listen for and discusting the vision and valuatheir staff and community members.	em pard ce uss es of l	The board has □ provided time dur regular scheduled board-authorized public meetings to recognize the accomplishments its students and stregarding progress on student outcor goals; and □ hosted a commun meeting to discuss progress toward student outcome goals within each feeder pattern wit performing campuduring the previous 12-month period.	of aff s ne ity h low ises	□ displays and keeps updated the status targets of all stude outcome goals an GPMs permanently publicly in the room in which the board most frequently he regularly schedule meetings; and □ has led or co-led a least one training of Lone Star Governs for its community during the previous month period.	s and ent d y and m l olds d	□ Students have been included in at least Lone Star Governatraining or two-watcommunication meeting in the presentation of the presentation on the star Governance of the star Governa	t one ance by vious ard ceived Lone by bers

TEXAS FRAMEWORK: Synergy and Teamwork

Synergy and Teamwork: The board works collaboratively and with the superintendent to lead toward the vision

toward the vision.								
Does Not Meet Focus	Preparing To Focus	1	Approaches Focus	3	Meets Focus	9	Masters Focus	10
The board does not meet focus if any of the following are true:	The board is preparing to if the following is true.	focus	The board approaches for if all prior conditions and following are true.		The board meets focus if all prior conditions and t following are true.		The board masters focus all prior conditions and t following are true.	
 □ The board has not adopted board operating procedures. □ The board does not have a policy that contains a template of ethics and conflicts of interest statement; □ The board has not achieved a quorum in two or more board-authorized public meetings during the previous three months. □ Board members serve on committees formed by superintendent or staff, unless serving is required by law. □ A board member voted on an item for which they had a conflict of interest, as defined by law, during the previous three months. 	The board affirms that at least every two years, it is reviewed all policie governing board operating procedur affirms that all members have sign the ethics and confrom of interest stateme the past 12 months. agrees that a committees' role is advise the board, not advise the staff; agrees that a board officers' role is to at the board, not to at the staff; and. maintained a quore throughout all regulations and the past three months.	has is res; ned flict int in s; to did dvise dvise um ularly is for	The board agrees that every member is responsion for the outcomes of all students, not justudents in their resofthe school syste maintained an aveattendance of 70% higher throughout regularly schedule board meetings ow the previous three months; and has set the expectathat information provided to one board member is provide all board members	of st egion m; rage or all d erer aation	The board maintained an averattendance of 80% higher throughout regularly schedule board meetings of the previous three months; agrees that all members have added to all policies gove board operating procedures; agrees that every member has compall statutorily requestrainings; and rather than the superintendent, lethe completion of Star Governance to	hered rning	All board members at the superintendent have completed the Lone Star Governation Workshop; agree that all boar members have added to all adopted boat constraints during previous three modern and agree that no boar member has given operational advice instructions to star members during the previous three moderns and to all advice instructions to star members during the previous three moderns.	ne ance d hered rd g the onths; rd n e or ff he



QUARTERLY	PROGRESS	TRACKER				
School Board:			Date:	Quarter:		
Framework	Three Quarters Ago	Two Quarters Ago	Current Quarter	Total Points Possible		
Vision and Goals 1						15
Vision and Goals 2						15
Vision and Goals 3						10
Vision and Goals 4						5
Progress and Accountability 1						15
Progress and Accountability 2						5
Systems and Processes						15
Advocacy and Engagement						10
Synergy and Teamwork						10
Total						100

By signing below, I affirm that the Lone Star Governance Integrity Instrument was completed and	is accurate		
Board Member Signatures:	% Student Outcome Minutes	Vote Count for	Vote Count Against

EVALUATION NOTES

The standard of evidence for items where board action is required will be the minutes of the meeting during which the board voted to take the described action. Where an opinion of the board is required, a resolution or vote passed by the board will meet the standard of evidence. Any board completing a self-evaluation using the LSG Integrity Instrument that is supported or reviewed by an LSG Coach may submit the review for the LSG Leaderboard. If the board would like their self-evaluation reviewed by an LSG Coach, please email the completed LSG Integrity Instrument to <u>LSG@tea.texas.gov</u>.

TIME USE TR	ACKER	Please	e enter distr	ict/ch	arter r	name h	ere	QTR:		Date:			
Framework Pillars	Student Outcome Minutes	Adult Behavior Minutes	The	board tr	acks its (ime spen	t durin	g public autl	horized n	neetings	Other Topic Minutes		
Vision and Goals	0		← Minutes setting	student out	come goals								
vision and doars		0	← Minutes setting	constraints	or theories	of action							
	0	> <	← Minutes receivin		<u> </u>	g on Student	Outcom	e Goal Monitorin	g Reports a	ccording to the			
Progress and Accountability		0	← Minutes receiving	tes receiving, discussing, and voting on Constraint Monitoring Reports according to the board adopted Monitoring Calendar									
	0		← Minutes evaluat	<u> </u>						d CPMs			
Contains and		0	← Minutes perform	ing board s	elf-evaluati	ons using the	E LSG Inte	egrity Instrument	1				
Systems and Processes										consent agenda items)	→ 0		
Advocacy and Engagement	0		toward student out	come goals						s, theories of action an dent outcome goals	d/or progress		
Synergy and Teamwork				/linutes fulfill	ing statutori		Lone Star	gs, forums, and co Governance wor tted by law					
Other						Any time sp	ent on an	activity that does	not meet th	e conditions listed above	· → 0		
TOTALS	0	0				\longrightarrow	0				— о		
Use For Studer			dult Behavior Calculation:	0	÷	0		× 100 =	0.00%	% Student Out and Adult Beha			
Use			ome Minutes e Calculation:	0	÷	0		× 100 =	0.00%	% Student Out Minutes	come		
Trustees Present	Trustees	Absent	% Attendance	Cour	nt of 'Other	Agenda Iten	ns	Goals Disc	ussed	Goals on Target	% on Target		
			0.00%								0.00%		
Consent Items	Consent Remo		% Remaining on Consent Agenda					GPMs Disc	ussed	GPMs on Target	% on Target		
			0.00%								0.00%		



Partner Activity: Student Outcome Goals (Vision1)

- A. Identify the vision for your twoperson community
- B. Create a student outcome goal by including:
 - 1. Baseline
 - 2. Target
 - 3. Population
 - 4. Deadline
- C. Write it on the flip chart

- **A.** Vision: _____
- B. Create a student outcome goal by including:
 - 1. Baseline_____
 - 2. Target______
 - 3. Population_____
 - 4. Deadline_____

Student Outcome Goal:

Write it on the flip chart

Partner Activity: Create a Board Self-Constraint (Vision 3)

- A. With your partner, create two to three board self-constraints that are important to you.

1. _____

- Specific operational actions or a class of actions
- 2. _____

 Keep the board's focus on board work

3. _____

- Align with the vision
- Grounded in community values
- B. Write it on the flip chart

B. Write them on the flip chart



Board Agenda—Your Ideal Agenda		
Agenda Item	Time Use Tracker	Estimated Time
Notes		

Letter to Self

 I am the Genesis of Transformation 1. _____

- Integrity is my Access to Goals
- 2. _____

Student Outcome Goals

3. _____

Goal Progress Measures

4. _____

- Superintendent Contraints
- Board Constraints
- Board Work vs. Superintendent
 Work
- 5. _____



Monitoring Calendar (Example)

School Board: Lone Star ISD **Years:** 22/23-26/27

Month	Student Outcome Goals GPMs	Constraints CPMs	Leadership Evaluations	Trainings	Other
August	Goal 1: GPM 1.3 Goal 2: GPM 2.3	Super Cnstr 2: CPM 2.2 Board Self-Cnstr 2		EISO/Team Building Training	Budget Hearing LSG Training for Community
September	Goal 3: GPM 3.1	Super Cnstr 1: CPM 1.1 Board Self-Cnstr 3	Board Self- Evaluation		TAPR Hearing
October	Goal 1: Overall Target Goal 2: Overall Target	Super Cnstr 3: CPM 3.2 Board Self-Cnstr 4		Cyber Security Human Trafficking	FIRST Hearing
November	Goal 3: Overall Target Goal 1: GPM 1.1	Super Cnstr 2: CPM 2.1 Board Self-Cnstr 1			Two-Way Community Engage- ment: Vision and Values
December	Goal 2: GPM 2.1 Goal 1: GPM 1.2	Super Cnstr 3: CPM 3.1 Board Self-Cnstr 2	Board Self- Evaluation		
January	Goal 3: GPM 3.1	Super Cnstr 1: CPM 1.2 Board Self-Cnstr 3	Superintendent Evaluation		
February	Goal 1: GPM 1.3 Goal 2: GPM 2.2	Super Cnstr 2: CPM 2.2 Board Self-Cnstr 4			LSG Training for Community
March	Goal 3: GPM 3.2	Super Cnstr 3: CPM 3.2 Board Self-Cnstr 1	Board Self- Evaluation		
April	Goal 3: GPM 3.3 Goal 2: GPM 2.3	Super Cnstr 1: CPM 1.1 Board Self-Cnstr 2			Two-Way Community Engage- ment: Vision and Values
May	Goal 1: GPMs 1.1 & 1.2	Super Cnstr 3: CPMs 3.1 Board Self-Cnstr 3		Intro/Update to the Texas Education Code	
June	Goal 2: GPMs 2.1 & 2.2	Super Cnstr 2: CPM 2.1 Board Self-Cnstr 4	Board Self- Evaluation		
July	Goal 3: GPMs 3.2 & 3.3	Super Cnstr 1: CPM 1.2 Board Self-Cnstr 1		TASB Conference Local Orientation	Budget Workshop

Monitoring Report (Example)

Date:

Goal 1: The percentage of 3rd grade students whose score meets grade level or above on STAAR Reading will increase from 45% in June 2022 to 64% by June 2027. (**Current 2022: 45%** | 2023: 48% | 2024: 52% | 2025: 56% | 2026: 60% | 2027: 64%)

Overall **Progress**

Goal Progress Measure 1.2: The percent of Kindergarten students that are reading on grade level will increase from 60% in June 2022 to 73% by June 2027.

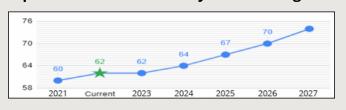
(2022: 60% | 2023: 62% | 2024: 64% | 2025: 67% | 2026: 70% | 2027: 73%)



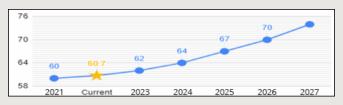
Student Group Targets				
	Current	Target		
African American	xx%	xx%		
American Indian	xx%	xx%		
Asian	xx%	xx%		
Dyslexia	xx%	xx%		
Economic Disadv.	xx%	xx%		
EL	xx%	xx%		
Hispanic	xx%	xx%		
Special Ed	xx%	xx%		
White	xx%	xx%		

Evidence and Future Plans

Campus 1: 38% Economically Disadvantaged Students



Campus 2: 74% Economically Disadvantaged Students



We are slightly off track because . . . The plan moving forward is . . .



Letters of Commitment

This is a commitment to constantly be willing to change your own behavior for the benefit of your students. To show this commitment, you are invited to write three letters that reflect this commitment. If you would like to participate, please self-address the envelope you've been provided. In thirty days, your letters will be mailed to remind you of the commitment you have made to change your adult behaviors to improve student outcomes.

Dear Colleague,
A behavior of mine that may have made it harder for the board to be focused on student outcomes was
The benefit to me was
The cost you and/or to students was
In that moment, I was pretending that

This page has been left blank intentionally.



Dear Students,
As an education leader, my behavior lacked integrity when
·
The benefit to me was
The cost to you was
What you can expect from me going forward is
·
Dear Self,
I am giving up
When I behaved that way, the benefit to me was
•
But the cost was
Because of my commitment to improving student outcomes, I'm giving it up.

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Additional Materials

- Sample Theory of Action
- **Question Stems to Use During Monitoring**
- Staff Use Tracker
- **Superintendent Evaluation (Example)**
- Continuous Improvement Timeline
- Using Normalized Growth to Benchmark **Quarterly Targets**



Theory of A	Theory of Action (EXAMPLES)						
One Best School System	If the district empowers individual educators to determine instructional materials and methods for their classes; and if the central administration directs all operational and budgetary functions; then teachers will be able to accomplish the board's student outcome goals while central administration ensures that all operations remain within the board's constraints.						
Managed Instruction	If the district's central administration directs all instructional materials and methods; and if the central administration ensures that students experience consistency and quality of instructional delivery across all campuses; then the district, through the central administration, will be able to accomplish the board's student outcome goals while operating within the board's constraints.						
Earned Autonomy	If the district's central administration directly administers some campuses and grants varying levels of autonomy to other campuses; and if the central administration clearly defines operational thresholds that deserve higher levels of autonomy; and if the central administration clearly defines the specific autonomies earned; and if campuses having earned autonomies agree to operate in pursuit of the board's student outcomes goals while operating within the board's constraints; then the district, directly and through autonomous campuses, will be able to accomplish the board's student outcome goals while operating within the board's constraints.						
Performance Management	If the district focuses central administration on the most critical functions of campus accountability and HR support; and if the district provides differentiated paths of continuous improvement for all educators whether in administrative roles or classroom roles; and if the differentiated HR system methodically identifies paths for performance improvement, aligns educator incentives with student outcomes, and ensures that educator placement is a function of student needs rather than adult preferences; then the district, through its campuses, will be able to accomplish the board's student outcome goals while operating within the board's other constraints.						
System of Great Schools	If the district devolves autonomy from the central administration to campuses; and if the district empowers parents to make choices; and if the district creates performance contracts with campuses; and if the district annually evaluates performance of and demand for high performing campuses; and if the district makes strategic decisions regarding growing access to high performing schools and addressing low performers; then campuses will be able to accomplish the board's student outcome goals while operating within the board's other constraints.						



Theory of Action (EXAMPLES)							
Number of Total Campuses		Number of Low Performing		Number of Moderately Performing		Number of High Performing	
Possible Theory:		Possible Theory:		Possible Theory:		Possible Theory:	,
Possible Theories	of Ac	tion: What could v	vork f	or you?			

Question Stems to Use During Monitoring

Who?	What?	Why?	How?
Past-Focused questions: Which students are the data talking about?	Past-Focused questions: Which circumstances surrounded the data for struggling and excelling students?	Past-Focused questions: Which phenomonon helps describe what happened?	Future-Focused questions: Which changes will happen based on the data?
 Who is struggling the most? Who is getting it the most? Who is not moving? Who is not included in this data? 	 What is currently happening? What else do we need to know about this? What did work? What did not work? What did we learn from this? What are the strengths? What are the limitations? What gaps exist between student groups? What do you see as accounting for <anolmalous data="" in="" report="">?</anolmalous> 	 Why is it working in this area? Why is it not working in this area? Why such a significant growth? Why was there no growth? Why do gaps between student groups exist? Why is <data a="" point=""> so much <higher lower="" or=""> than <data b="" point="">?</data></higher></data> 	 How can we replicate what is happening in? Given what we know about, how are you going to speed up the progress? How do you know that strategy is going to work? How are we going to address <issue not="" resolved="">?</issue> How might changes show up in the future (budget, etc.)? How can the board help?



Staff Use Tracker (Examples)						Date:	
Staff	Average Monthly Hours Preparing	Average Monthly Hours Attending	Average Monthly Hours Debriefing	Total Average Monthly Hours	Hourly Rate (Compensation / 2080 Hours)	Total Average Monthly Hours × Hourly Rate	
Superintendent							
Superintendent	10	6	6	22	72	1650	
Senior Staff							
Asst. Superintendent	8	6	6	20	58	1160	
CFO	8	6	6	20	55	1100	
Other Staff							
Executive Assistant	4	6	6	16	40	640	
Principal	3	6	6	15	50	750	
Principal	3	6	6	15	50	750	
Principal	3	6	6	15	45	675	
Total	39	42	42	123	54.67	6725	

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CHAPTALLE AND EACH EVALUATION F	vamnia	ום
Superintendent Evaluation (Example 2)	Karripic	し).

Student Outcome Goal and GPMs	Target	Actual	Met or 2/3 Met
Student Outcome Goal 1	65%	68%	
GPM 1.1	70%	71%	V
GPM 1.2	67%	68%	T
GPM 1.3	65%	63%	
Student Outcome Goal 2	70%	68%	
GPM 2.1	70%	71%	V
GPM 2.2	74%	72%	T
GPM 2.3	70%	71%	
Student Outcome Goal 3	65%	67%	
GPM 3.1	68%	70%	V
GPM 3.2	70%	71%	ľ
GPM 3.3	68%	70%	
Student Outcome Goal 4	65%	62%	
GPM 4.1	67%	66%	N
GPM 4.2	65%	68%	IN
GPM 4.3	70%	68%	
Student Outcome Goal 5	65%	68%	
GPM 5.1	21	23	V
GPM 5.2	41%	53%	
GPM 5.3	3.0	3.2	

Constraint and CPMs	Target	Actual	Met or 2/3 Met
Constraint 1	<742	748	
CPM 1.1	< 5	4	V
			T
Constraint 2	4%	5%	
CPM 2.1	5%	6%	N.
CPM 2.2	3%	6%	N
CPM 2.3	3%	5%	
Constraint 3	2	2	
CPM 3.1	2	3	V
CPM 3.2	2	1	T
CPM 3.3	3	3	
N/A			
			_
N/A			
			_

By signing below, I affirm that the information evaluated is complete and accurate.					
	Board President	Targets Met	6		
	Board Secretary	Targets Not Met	2		
	Superintendent	% Targets Met	75		

EVALUATION NOTES

Superintendent summative evaluation targets are considered met if either the Student Outcome Goal **or** Constraint is met or 2/3 of the respective GPMs or CPMs are met.

Performance is considered met if 75% of summative targets are met.

If 75% of the evaluation targets are not met, the board should use its own judgement based on the Monitoring Reports received and voted on according to the Monitoring Calendar.

The method of superintendent appraisal is governed by the Texas Administrative Code §19 TAC §150.1031.



Continuous Improvement Timeline (Exemplar Sample)

Quarter 0	
Period Three months prior to completing the Lone Star Governance Workshop	Goal Set baseline (this example uses 44) and set growth expectations (this example uses 20%)

Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
Period 1st, 2nd, and 3rd month after completing the LSG Workshop	Period 4th, 5th, and 6th month after completing the LSG Workshop	Period 7th, 8th, and 9th month after completing the LSG Workshop	Period 10th, 11th, and 12th month after completing the LSG Workshop
Self-Evaluate By	Self-Evaluate By	Self-Evaluate By	Self-Evaluate By
End of 4th month after LSG	End of 7th month after LSG	End of 10th month after LSG	End of 13th month after LSG
Goal	Goal	Goal	Goal
+11.2 points over baseline or 20%	+9.0 points increase or 20%	+7.2 points increase or 20%	+5.7 points increase or 20%

Quarter 5	Quarter 6	Quarter 7	Quarter 8
Period 13th, 14th, and 15th month after completing the LSG Workshop	Period 16th, 17th, and 18th month after completing the LSG Workshop	Period 19th, 20th, and 21st month after completing the LSG Workshop	Period 22nd, 23rd, and 24th month after completing the LSG Workshop
Self-Evaluate By	Self-Evaluate By	Self-Evaluate By	·
End of 16th month after LSG	End of 19th month after LSG	End of 22nd month after LSG	Self-Evaluate By End of 25th month after LSG
Goal	Goal	Goal	
+4.6 points increase or 20%	+3.7 points increase or 20%	+2.9 points increase or 20%	Goal +2.3 points increase or 20%

Evaluation Notes

The standard of evidence for items where board action is required will be the minutes of the meeting during which the board voted to take the described action. Where an opinion of the board is required, a resolution adopted by a majority of the board will meet the standard of evidence. Any board wanting an independent evaluation of its quarterly progress tracker may request a review from TEA staff. When available, recordings of board meetings may be used in the independent evaluation process. For decision-making purposes, TEA will rely on both the self-evaluation and TEA staff-led independent evaluation.

Using Normalized Growth to Benchmark Quarterly Targets

Normalized growth indexes the amount of growth (in percentage points) to the total amount of growth possible (again in percentage points). Put another way, normalized growth is the amount of growth achieved divided by the amount that could be achieved. Mathematically, it is determined using this formula (where g stands for normalized growth, expressed as a percentage):

$$g = \frac{\text{(current score)} - \text{(prior score)}}{100 - \text{(prior score)}}$$

The following demonstrates calculating quarterly targets using normalized growth, with 44 as the baseline score and 20% as the target growth.

Dagalina	Score	44.0
Baseline	Room for Growth	56.0
Ouartor 1	Score	56.2
Quarter 1	Room for Growth	44.8
Quarter 2	Score	64.2
	Room for Growth	35.8
Ouartor 2	Score	71.3
Quarter 3	Room for Growth	28.7
Quarter 4	Score	77.1
	Room for Growth	22.9



Madsen, Adrian; McKagan, Sam; and Sayre, Eleanor. 2016. "Normalized gain: What is it and when and how should I use it?" Last modified April 20, 2017. https://www.physport.org/recommendations/Entry.cfm?ID=93334.



Appendicies

- Sample Board Agenda
- Sample AE (local)
- Sample AE (exhibit)
- Sample Student Outcome Goals, Constraints, and Progress Measures
- Glossary
- **Research and Reference Materials**
- **Lone Star Governance Coaches**
- Workshop Pre/Post Evaluations



Во	Board Agenda (Example)				
Age	nda Item	Time Use Tracker	Estimated Time		
I.	Call to Order	Other	1 Minute		
II.	Pledge	Other	3 Minutes		
III.	Public Comments on Agenda Items	Required by Law	30 Minutes		
IV.	Closed Session	Not Public	42 Minutes		
٧.	Reconvene to Public Session				
	A. Actions on Discussions in Closed Session	Systems and Processes	5 Minutes		
VI.	Progress Monitoring Reports				
	A. Goal Progress Monitoring Report	Progress and Accountability	50 Minutes		
	B. Goal Progress Recognitions	Advocacy and Engagement: Student Outcome Recognition	13 Minutes		
	C. Board Self-Evaluation	Progress and Accountability: Using LSG Integrity Instrument	16 Minutes		
VII.	Consent Agenda	Systems and Processes	1 Minutes		
VIII.	Discussion and Action Items	Systems and Processes	23 Minutes		
IX.	Other Business				
	A. Required Hearing	Required by Law	32 Minutes		
	B. Financial Reports	Other Outcomes	15 Minutes		
	C. Committee Reports	Other Outcomes	12 Minutes		
	D. Public Recognition	Other Recognition	10 Minutes		
X.	Adjourn	Other	1 Minute		

Notes

The ideal board agenda should strive to invest 50% of the board's time during meetings on student outcomes, keep the length of meetings to an average of two hours, and limit the average number of topics discussed per meeting to three.



This is not intended to be copy/pasted or adopted as written. This is only intended as one example of what a sample AE (local) could look like. For shorthand below, X represents baselines, Y represents targets, and Z represents deadlines.

Vision	Every child, prepared for success in college, a career or the military
Mission	Improving outcomes for all students by providing leadership, guidance, and support to schools
Board's Role	• Ensure creation of a shared vision that promotes improved student outcomes. The board shall accomplish this by incorporating the community's vision and goals into student outcome goals, superintendent constraints, and board constraints.
	 Measure and communicate how well the vision is being accomplished. The board shall accomplish this by collectively ensuring progress and accountability through monthly monitoring of district performance to ensure progress toward the vision and values and regular communications to the community.
	 Provide guidance and direction for accomplishing the vision. The board shall accomplish this by creating systems and processes for the district through distinct board and superintendent roles and responsibilities, which includes selecting the superintendent, delegating to the superintendent the authority and responsibility to implement the board's goals within law and the superintendent constraints, and considering and voting on the superintendent's recommendations.
	 Works with the superintendent to lead the district toward the vision. The board shall accomplish this by behaving in a manner that demonstrates the synergy and teamwork of the board and the district.
	• Promote the vision. The board shall accomplish this by providing advocacy and engagement for students, families, staff, and stakeholders.
	In carrying out the above activities, the board shall at all times comply with the Texas Education Code and other law, as applicable.

Superintendent's Role

The superintendent, as the board's delegate for managing district operations, shall be responsible for accomplishing the board's student outcome goals within the boundaries provided by the board and superintendent constraints and state and federal law.

State and federal law require board adoption of policies on a variety of topics. The board's adopted policies in the district's local policy manual constitute compliance with these legal requirements. In accordance with state law, the superintendent shall be responsible for preparing recommendations for policies to be adopted by the board, overseeing implementation of adopted policies, and developing appropriate administrative regulations. In recommending policy for board adoption, the superintendent shall identify when the board is required to adopt policy or has statutory decision-making authority that cannot be delegated to the superintendent. Required board policy addressing administrative issues shall be handled by consent agenda, with the superintendent informing the board of substantive changes. Any operational issues not required to be board adopted shall be addressed in administrative regulations and the board shall take necessary steps to remove such issues from all policies in the C-G Local Policy series.

Board's Student Outcome Goals for the Superintendent

The board's student outcome goals, as aligned with the district vision, are as follows:

- Percentage of students persisting in their second year post-secondary will increase from X% to Y% by Z
- Y% of entering kindergarten students will be school-ready on a multidimensional assessment by Z—up from X%
- The percentage of students at low performing (D or F rated) campuses who meet or exceed standard will increase from X% to Y% by Z

The superintendent shall interpret and implement the board's student outcome goals and, in consultation with the board, select goal progress measures (GPMs) for each student outcome goal [see AE (exhibit)]. For any school year during which the board's student outcome goals are not met, the superintendent shall make reasonable progress toward meeting the student outcome goals.



Board's Constraints for the Superintendent

In achieving the board's student outcome goals, the superintendent shall not

- Allow the district to undermine the authority and autonomy of individual schools to implement changes designed to improve student outcomes
- Allow low performing (D or F rated) campuses to have inequitable access to experienced and effective staff
- Allow the number of students in low performing (D or F rated) campuses to increase or remain the same

The district will pursue a System of Great Schools theory of action where central administration devolves autonomy to schools, empowers parents to make choices, creates performance contracts with campuses, annually evaluates performance of and demand for schools, and makes strategic decisions regarding growing access to high performing schools and addressing low performers. Campus performance contracts will require the campus to accomplish the board's student outcome goals while operating within the board's other constraints.

The superintendent shall interpret the superintendent constraints and, in consultation with the board, select constraint progress measures (CPMs) for each constraint [see AE (EXHIBIT)].

Board's Constraints for the Board

The board shall operate within the its role, as defined above, and the its operating procedures. The board, either collectively or through the actions of individual trustees, shall not

- Modify this policy, AE (local), more than once per year
- Perform or appear to perform any of the responsibilities delegated to the superintendent
- Violate this or any other board-adopted policy or board operating procedures

Board Self Evaluation	The board shall conduct formative self-evaluations at least quarterly and, within 45 days prior to conducting the annual superintendent evaluation, an annual summative evaluation. The board shall self-evaluate using the TEA Implementation Integrity Instrument.
Superintendent Evaluation	The board shall annually evaluate the superintendent based on the district's achievement of the board's student outcome goals and compliance with the superintendent constraints. Accomplishment of at least 80 percent of the adopted progress measures' (GPMs and CPMs) annual targets shall be an automatic indicator of success; below that threshold, the board's judgment shall be the indicator of success.



SAMPLE AE (Exhibit)

This is not intended to be copied and pasted. This is only intended as one example of what a revised AE (exhibit) could look like. For shorthand below, X represents baselines, Y represents targets, and Z represents deadlines.

Sample Student Outcome Goals and Goal Progress Measures

G1. Percentage of students persisting in their second year post-secondary will increase from X% to Y% by Z

- Goal 1 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- GPM 1.1: Percentage of students who demonstrate above grade level proficiency on STAAR-aligned district literacy and numeracy benchmarks will increase from X% to Y% by Z
- GPM 1.1 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- GPM 1.2: Percentage of students who demonstrate above grade level proficiency on STAAR-aligned district numeracy benchmarks will increase from X% to Y% by Z
- GPM 1.2 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- GPM 1.3: Percentage of students who exceed the STAAR Progress Measure on STAAR-aligned district formative assessments will increase from X% to Y% by Z
- GPM 1.3 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%

SAMPLE AE (Exhibit)

Sample Student Outcome Goals and Goal Progress Measures

G2. Y% of entering kindergarten students will be school-ready on a multidimensional assessment by Z—up from X%

- Goal 2 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- GPM 2.1: Percentage of kindergarten students who attended PreK classrooms who meet the "school ready" standard will increase from X% to Y% by Z
- GPM 2.1 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- GPM 2.2: Percentage of PreK students making growth/progress on the district's assessment will increase from X% to Y% by Z
- GPM 2.2 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%

G3. The percentage of students at low performing campuses who meet or exceed standard will increase from X% to Y% by Z

- Goal 3 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- GPM 3.1: Percentage of students at low performing campuses growing at least 1.5 grade levels per year will increase from X% to Y% by Z
- GPM 3.1 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- GPM 3.2: Percentage of the total student population at low performing HS campuses who scored a 3 or better on an AP course will increase from X% to Y% by Z
- GPM 3.2 Annual Targets: SSY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%



SAMPLE AE (Exhibit)

Sample Constraints and Constraint Progress Measures

C1. Do not allow the district to undermine the authority and autonomy of individual schools to implement changes designed to improve student outcomes

- CPM 1.1: Percentage of principal survey responses indicating they were able to select every member of their staff will increase from X% to Y% by Z
- CPM 1.1 Annual Targets: SSY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%

C2. Do not allow low performing campuses to have inequitable access to experienced and effective staff

- CPM 2.1: Percentage of principals at under performing schools whose performance evaluations place them in the bottom half of all principals in the district will decrease from X% to Y% by Z
- CPM 2.1 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- CPM 2.2: Percentage of teachers at under performing schools whose performance evaluations place them in the bottom half of all teachers in the district will decrease from X% to Y% by Z
- CPM 2.2 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- CPM 2.3: Percentage of 1st year principals or 1st year teachers at under performing campuses will decrease from X% to Y% by Z
- CPM 2.3 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%

C3. Do not allow the number of students at low performing campuses to increase or remain the same

- CPM 3.1: Number of campus restarts will increase from X to Y by Z
- CPM 3.1 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%
- CPM 3.2: Number of students in low performing campuses will decline from X to Y by Z
- CPM 3.2 Annual Targets: SY20/21=A%, SY21/22=B%, SY22/23=C%, SY23/24=D%, SY24/25=E%

Sample Student Outcome Goals, Constraints, and Progress Measures

These are not intended to be copied and pasted. They are only intended as examples of what goals, constraints, and/ or their progress measures could look like. The items below are modified from actual districts in Texas. For shorthand below, X represents baselines, Y represents targets, and Z represents deadlines.

Student Outcome Goals and Goal Progress Measures

- The percentage of students in grades K-2 who are reading on or above grade level on multiple measures will increase from X% to Y% by the end of school year Z.
- Percentage of students persisting in their second year post-secondary will increase from X% to Y% by Z.
- Y% of entering kindergarten students will be school-ready on a multidimensional assessment by Z -- up from X%.
- The percentage of students at low performing (D or F rated) campuses who meet or exceed standard will increase from X% to Y% by Z.
- The percentage of students in grades 3–8 who meet standard on both reading and math STAAR will increase from X% to Y% by the end of school year Z.
- The four-year graduation rate will increase from X% for the graduation class of Z to Y% for the graduating class of ZZ.
- Y% of students will exhibit Satisfactory or above performance on state assessments, and students below Satisfactory performance will demonstrate more than one year of academic growth, up from X%, by Z.
- The achievement gap by race, ethnicity and socioeconomic status will decline from X and be no greater than Y percentage points on all academic measures by Z.
- Y% of students will graduate with qualifying scores for community college, college, military or industry certification by Z, up from X%.
- All entering kindergarten students will be school-ready on a multidimensional assessment by Z; X is the current percentage.
- Y% of students, instead of the current X%, will participate in at least one extracurricular or co-curricular activity each year by Z.
- Percentage of students who meet final level two on state exams will increase from X% to Y% by Z.
- Percentage of students who meet the STAAR Progress Measure on the state exams will increase from X% to Y% by Z.



Sample Constraints and Constraint Progress Measures

- The superintendent shall not allow the number of students in low performing (D or F rated) campuses to increase or remain the same.
- The superintendent will not allow teacher attendance at under performing campuses to drop below 95%.
- The superintendent shall not allow the district to undermine the authority and autonomy of individual schools to implement changes designed to improve student outcomes.
- The superintendent shall not allow low performing (D or F rated) campuses to have inequitable access to experienced and effective staff.
- The superintendent shall not allow any campuses to not fully implement and maintain Professional Learning Communities.
- The superintendent shall not allow adult convenience or preference to take priority over the academic progress of students.
- The superintendent shall not allow Improvement Required or Formerly Improvement Required campuses to have a principal with fewer than two years in-role experience.
- Number of campus restarts will increase from X to Y by Z.
- Number of students in low performing campuses will decline from X to Y by Z.
- Difference between the percent of all students in AP courses and the percent of African-American students in AP courses will decrease from X% to Y% by Z.
- Difference between the percent of all ISD students in AP courses and the percent of Hispanic students in AP courses will decrease from X% to Y% by Z.
- The number of TEA or district program review exceptions will decrease from X% to Y% by Z
- The number of TEA or district audit exceptions will decrease from X% to Y% by Z
- The number of major state and local test security violations will decrease from X% to Y% by Z
- The number of student privacy violations will decrease from X% to Y% by Z
- The fund-balance ratio (% of overall budget represented by the fund balance) will decrease/increase from X% to Y% by Z.
- The unrestricted fund balance ratio will decrease/increase from X% to Y% by Z.

Glossary

Annual Targets: A measure of yearly outcomes. The aggregate of all student groups identified by the population. These are never Goal Progress Measures.

Annual Student Group Targets: A measure of yearly outcomes for each applicable student group identified by the closing the gaps domain with 25 or more students.

Baseline: The measure's agreed starting point, current state. Used for comparing and monitoring growth.

Board Authorized Public Meetings: Any non-closed meeting authorized by the board or board president including, but not limited to, board workshops, board hearings, and board committees.

Board Self-Constraints: Specific operational actions or class of actions the board places on itself and/or members that support behaviors that keep the boards' focus on board work, align with the vision, and grounded in community values.

Board Self-Evaluation: Boards use the LSG Integrity Instrument to self-evaluate quarterly as a means of monitoring whether or not their adult behaviors are increasingly focused on improving student outcomes.

Board Work: Operations designated by state or federal law/rule or items designated by the board's adopted student outcome goals, superintendent constraints, progress measures, vision, and/or values. Items that are not legally required and that the board has not designated as board work are, by default, superintendent work.

Consent-eligible Items: All items for board consideration that may be placed by default on the board's consent agenda. Examples: personnel actions, contract renewals, previous meeting minutes, policy updates, construction amendments, non-monitoring administrative reports, committee reports, enrollment updates, regular financial reports where financial activities remained within budgetary parameters, and any other item up for board consideration.

Constraint: Specific operational actions or class of actions that are not used or allowed and are aligned with the vision and grounded in community values.

Constraint Progress Measures (CPMs): Specific graph-plottable indicators used to determine if the superintendent constraint is likely to be honored or not. CPMs include a baseline, target, population, and deadline, are predictive of the constraint, and influenceable by the superintendent.

Deadline: Month and year by when the measure's current state will equal the future state by reaching the target.

Goals: Specific, measurable, attainable, results-based, and timebound statements that describe a desired state.



Goal Progress Measures (GPMs): Specific graph-plottable indicators used to determine if the goal is likely to be met or not. GPMs include a baseline, target, population, and deadline, are predictive of the goal, and influenceable by the superintendent. It is recommended that the superintendent select one to three GPMs per Student Outcome Goal.

Inputs: Resources and activities invested in a particular program, process, or strategy; usually knowable at the beginning of a cycle; a measure of effort applied. In school systems, operational and instructional inputs are selected by the superintendent.

Influenceable: The superintendent has authority over roughly 80% of whatever the progress measure is measuring.

Leadership Evaluations: Routine monitoring of board and superintendent performance conducted by the board. superintendent evaluation is indistinguishable from district evaluation. As such, the superintendent's evaluation is based only on accomplishment of the student outcome goals, avoidance of the constraints, and progress as determined by their respective progress measures.

Lone Star Governance (LSG): Texas' continuous improvement framework for governing teams—boards and their superintendents -- that choose to be intensely focused on improving student outcomes. Governing teams that implement the LSG framework with integrity understand that student outcomes do not change until adult behaviors change—starting with me.

LSG Integrity Instrument: A continuous improvement framework, used for quarterly self-evaluations on researched based behaviors, for school governance teams that commit to focus on improving student outcomes.

Monitoring Calendar: A board-adopted, multi-year schedule that describes the months during which student outcome goals, constraints, and progress measures are reported to the board and when leadership evaluations are conducted.

Monitoring Report: A report that provides evidence of progress to the board regarding their adopted Student Outcomes Goals, Goal Progress Measures, Constraints, and Constraint Progress Measures according to the Monitoring Calendar. A monitoring report must contain: the student outcome goal and GPM or constraint and CPM being monitored; the current status of the student outcome goal and GPM or constraint and CPM compared to previous, annual, and deadline targets; the superintendent's interpretation of performance; and supporting information that describes any needed next steps.

Adult Outcomes: A measure of school system results that are not student results; outcomes that are not student outcomes. Examples: parent engagement, financial performance, staff retention.

Other Topics: Items that require board debate, discussion, and/or discernment during a board authorized public meeting that are categorized as Other Topic Minutes according to the Time Use Tracker.

Outcomes: The impact of the program or strategy; usually knowable at the end of a cycle; a measure of the effect on the intended beneficiary.

Outputs: The result of a particular set of inputs; usually knowable in the midst of a cycle; a measure of the implementation of the program, process, or strategy. In school systems, operational and instructional outputs are selected by the superintendent. Example: interim assessment.

Population: The group of students who will be impacted, evaluated, and/or who are being measured.

Predictive: There is some evidence of a correlation between the progress measure and the student outcome goal or constraint.

Quarterly Progress Tracker: A tool used to monitor the progress of board self-evaluation scores using the LSG Integrity Instrument.

Staff Use Tracker: A tool used to report the average cost of staff time spent on governance.

Standard of Evidence: Physical evidence that can be provided to support the score in the LSG Integrity Instrument. Items where board action is required will be the minutes of the meeting during which the board voted to take the described action. Where an opinion of the board is required, a resolution or vote passed by the board will meet the standard of evidence.

Standard of Integrity: Doing what I have allowed people to expect of me—to the degree I have allowed them to expect it—by when I have allowed them to expect it.

State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness (STAAR): A criterion-referenced group of TEKS-based, standardized summative assessments that measure the extent to which Texas students have learned and are able to apply the knowledge and skills defined in the TEKS. Every STAAR question is directly aligned to the TEKS for the grade/ subject or course being assessed.

Student Outcomes: A measure of school system results that are student results rather than adult results; outcomes that are a measure of what students know or are able to do. Example: summative assessment.

Student Outcome Goals: Student outcomes that describe what students know or be able to do -- as distinct from adult inputs, adult outputs, student inputs, and student outputs. Student Outcome Goals include a baseline, target, population, and deadline. They challenge the organization and require adult behavior change. A board's student outcome goals are the superintendent's first priority for resource allocation.



Superintendent Evaluation: A tool used to report performance towards achieving student outcome goals and constraints. As superintendent performance is indistinguishable form school performance, evaluation targets are considered met if the annual targets of the student outcome goals or Constraints are met OR 2/3 of the respective GPMs or CPMs are met. Superintendent performance is considered met if 75% or more evaluation targets are met. If 75% or more of the evaluation targets are not met, the board will use their own judgement for performance based upon the Monitoring Reports received and voted upon according to the Monitoring Calendar.

Superintendent Constraints: Specific operational actions or class of actions the superintendent may not use or allow that are aligned with the vision and grounded in community values.

Superintendent Work: The operational inputs and outputs of the school system, except the operations legally required by state or federal law/rule or items directly pertaining to the board's adopted student outcome goals, constraints, progress measures, or theories of action.

Target: The measure's desired future state.

Texas Essential Knowledge & Skills (TEKS): Specific knowledge or skills that every child, K-12, in Texas is expected to know and be able to do.

Theories of Action: A research-based high-level strategic constraint with which inputs and outputs must be aligned and which drives overall strategic direction. Unlike other constraints, the theory of action does not have CPMs.

Time Use Tracker: A tool used to track the board's use of time during board authorized public meetings.

Two-way Communication: Communication that is intentional, meaningful, and purposeful that allows for input from stakeholders and responses from board members and administrative staff. Stakeholders include, but are not limited to, students, parents, residents, staff members, and business owners.

Research and Reference Materials

Lone Star Governance Materials LSG Participant Manual

LSG Templates

Research Studies and Articles

The Relationship Between School Board Governance Behaviors and Student Achievement, Ivan J. Lorentzen

School District Leadership That Works, J. Timothy Waters and Robert J. Marzano

The Impact of School Board Governance on Academic Achievement in Diverse States, Michael Ford

The Role of School Boards in Improving Student Achievement, Washington State School Directors' Association

Eight Characteristics of Effective School Boards, Center for Public Education

Does School Board Leadership Matter?, Arnold F. Shober and Michael T. Hartney

The Governance Factor: A Predictive Study of School Board Influence on Student Achievement in Texas Public Schools, Marc Puig

The Lighthouse Inquiry: School Board/Superintendent Team Behaviors in School Districts with Extreme Differences in Student Achievement, The Iowa Association of School Boards

School Board Governance and Student Achievement: School Board Members' Perceptions of Their Behaviors and Beliefs, Bobbie Plough

School Boards and Student Achievement: The Relationship between Previously Identified School Board Characteristics and Improved Student Learning, Jonathon Holmen

Roles and Responsibilities of Local School Board Members in Relation to Student Achievement, Mary Delagardelle



Research and Reference Materials

Recommended Books

Improving School Board Effectiveness: A Balanced Governance Approach, Thomas L. Alsbury and Phil Gore

What School Boards Can Do: Reform Governance for Urban Schools, Donald R. McAdams

The 4 Disciplines of Execution: Achieving Your Wildly Important Goals, Chris McChesney, Sean Covey, and Jim Huling

The Future of School Board Governance: Relevancy and Revelation, Thomas L. Alsbury

Boards That Make A Difference, John Carver

Good To Great: Why Some Companies Make the Leap and Others Don't, Jim Collins

Great by Choice: Uncertainly, Chaos, and Luck—Why Some Thrive Despite Them All, Jim Collins and Morten T. Hansen

Start with Why: How Great Leaders Inspire Everyone to Take Action, Simon Sinek

The Infinite Game, Simon Sinek

The Fifth Discipline: The Art and Proactive of the Learning Organizations, Peter M. Senge

Influencer: The New Science of Leading Change, Joseph Grenny, Kerry Patterson, David Maxfield, Ron McMillan, and Al Switzler

The Power of Habit: Why We Do What We Do in Life and Business, Charles Duhigg

Smarter, Better, Faster: The Transformative Power of Real Productivity, Charles Duhigg

Switch: How to Change Things When Change is Hard, Dan and Chip Heath

Research and Reference Materials

School Board Training

Framework for School Board Development

State Board of Education Administrative Rules

HB 3 Board-Adopted Plans and Goals

Board Training Requirements and Training Providers

Curriculum Standards, Assessment and Accountability: TEKS, STAAR®, and A-F

Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS)

TEKS Resource System

Student Assessment Overview

STAAR Report Card Overview

STAAR Technical Report

STAAR Vertical Scale Technical Report

STAAR Performance Standards

Texas Assessment Student Portal

A-F Overview, Information, and Resources



Lone Star Governance Coaches

Certified Lone Star Governance (LSG) coaches are highly trained governance experts who are able to lead the Lone Star Governance workshop and who are also authorized providers for most other required school board member training. LSG coaches may provide the following required training:

- Lone Star Governance Workshop
- Evaluating and Improving Student Outcomes (EISO)
- Team Building (Team-of-Eight)

- Framework for School Board Development
- Texas Education Code (Update)
- Human Trafficking

Rick Alvarado Kathy Ferrell Marcia M

Patricia Arvanitis Drew Howard Jacinto Ramos

Nathan Balasubramanian Monica Jaloma Alan Richey

Charlene Simpson Kara Belew Missy Klimitchek

Wayne Blount Laura Strube Larry Lee

John Conley Larry Lewis Ed Vara

Jeff Cottrill Delic Loyde Travis Whisenant

Tony Williams A.J. Crabill Morris Lyon

Dee Ann Drummond Linda McAnelly

Laurie Elliott Robby McGowen

For those interested in becoming a Lone Star Governance coach, TEA has developed a guide, <u>Becoming a Lone Star</u> Governance Coach.

Click here for LSG Coaches' contact information.

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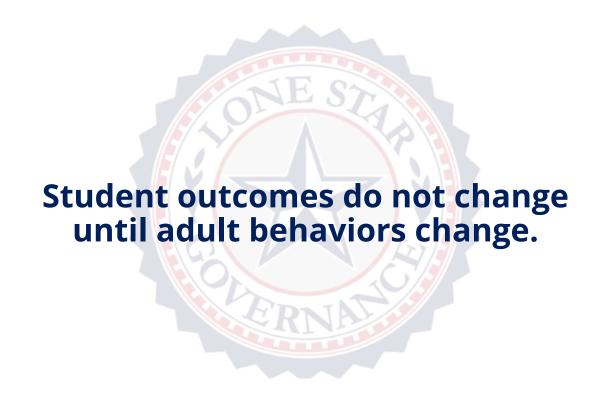
Workshop Pre-Evaluation

1) How proficient are yo	u at distinguishing among	educational inputs, outp	uts, and outcomes?		
1 Not at all proficient	2 Somewhat proficient	3 Proficient	4 Very Proficient	5 Expert	
2) How often do you war outcome goals?) How often do you want your board to review and discuss the measurable progress toward the board's student outcome goals?				
1 Not At All Often (Once per Year)	2 Somewhat Often (Twice per Year)	3 Quarterly	4 Often (Every Other Month)	5 Very Often (Monthly)	
3) How useful do you ex	pect this workshop to be?				
1 Not At All Useful	2 Somewhat Useful	3 Useful	4 Very Useful	5 Invaluable	
4) How proficient are vo	u with setting goal progre	ss measure targets for stu	udent outcome goals?		
1 Not at all proficient	2 Somewhat proficient	3 Proficient	4 Very Proficient	5 Expert	
5) How likely are you to	recommend this worksho	o to other trustees and su	perintendents?		
1 Not At All likely	2 Somewhat Likely	3 Likely	4 Very Likely	5 I have someone in mind	
6) Comments					

Workshop Post-Evaluation

1) How proficient are you at distinguishing between inputs, outputs, and outcomes?					
1 Not at all proficient	2 Somewhat proficient	3 Proficient	4 Very Proficient	5 Expert	
2) How often do you war performance goals?	2) How often do you want your board to review and discuss the measurable results of the board's annual student performance goals?				
1 Not At All Often (Once per Year)	2 Somewhat Often (Twice per Year)	3 Quarterly	4 Often Every Other Month)	5 Very Often Monthly	
3) How useful was this w					
1 Not At All Useful	2 Somewhat Useful	3 Useful	4 Very Useful	5 Invaluable	
4) How proficient are vo	u with setting key perform	nance indicator targets for	r student outcome goals?		
1 Not at all proficient	2 Somewhat proficient	3 Proficient	4 Very Proficient	5 Expert	
5) How likely are you to	recommend this workshop	to other trustees and su	merintendents?		
1 Not At All likely	2 Somewhat Likely	3 Likely	4 Very Likely	5 I have someone in mind	
6) Comments					
	<u> </u>				









Continuous Improvement for Governing Teams